# 4<sup>th</sup> HALF YEARLY MONITORING REPORT OF MDM FOR THE CHANDIGARH (U.T.)

# Monitoring Institute: Panjab University, Chandigarh

for the period of

1<sup>st</sup>January, 2015 to 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2015



## **Districts Monitored/Covered**

Chandigarh

#### **Nodal Officer:**

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## **General Information**

# 4<sup>th</sup> Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Monitoring Institution: Panjab University, Chandigarh on MDM for the Chandigarh (U.T.) for the period of 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2015 to 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2015

	Information	Details
	Name of the Monitoring Institute	Panjab University, Chandigarh
	Period of the report	1stJanuary, 2015 to 31st May, 2015
	No. of Districts allotted	One
	Name of Districts Covered	Chandigarh
	Month of visit to the Districts / Schools	January to March, 2015
	Total number of elementary schools (primary and upper primary in the Districts)	Total Schools = 106 Schools with Primary & upper primary section =99 PS = 07
	Number of elementary schools monitored (primary and upper primary to be counted separately)	Primary section Schools = 20 Upper Primary Section Schools = 20
8	TYPES OF SCHOOL VISITED	
Α	Special training centers (Residential)	00
В	Special training centers (Non Residential)	01
С	Schools in Urban Areas	34
D	School sanctioned with Civil Works	01
F	School from NPEGEL Blocks	Nil
G	Schools having CWSN	05
Н	School covered under CAL programme	06
ı	KGBVs/Residential	00
9.	Number of schools visited by Nodal Officer of the Monitoring Institute	07
10.	Whether the draft report has been shared with the SPO : YES / NO	YES
11.	After submission of the draft report to the SPO whether the MI has received any comments from the SPO: YES / NO	
12.	Before sending the reports to the GOI whether the MI has shared the report with SPO: YES / NO	

13. Details regarding discussion held with state officials: To be filled after presentation. <u>Annexure-1</u>

14. Selection Criteria for Schools: As per MHRD's needs categories are

selected. <u>Within categories schools were</u> selected randomly.(as per TOR)

#### 15. Items to be attached with the report:

a)List of Schools with DISE code visited by MI and Nodal officer.

Annexure-II A Attached

b) District Summary of the school reports.

Attached

### Coordinator/ District Incharges

S.No	Coordinator/ Incharge		Field Investigator
1.	Dr. Jatinder Grover	1	Ms. Tapinder
	Nodal Officer, Chandigarh.	2	Mr. Amit
2	Dr. Kanwalpreet Kaur  (District Incharge for  Monitoring of SSA& MDM)	3	Mr. Vineet

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - MID DAY MEAL FOR THE DISTRICT – CHANDIFARH (U.T.)**

(*Period:* 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2015 to 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2015)

#### **DISTRICT - 1: CHANDIGARH**

- As per information given by teachers and students, and verification of records relating to MDM, all of the sampled schools from the district served hot cooked meal on daily basis.
- The MI team visited the school during January, 2015 to March, 2015 and all of the schools are providing hot cooked food either by centralized kitchen or prepared in the school premises.
- 3. The supply of food grains to schools in the UT is done on fortnightly basis, which is regular.
- 4. The MI team visited the school during January, 2015 to March, 2015 and all of the schools/ centralized kitchens have buffer stock of wheat / rice for 7-10 days.
- 5. Food grain is delivered to the schools and centralized kitchens at their doorstep.
- The sampled schools (making their food at own) has received the cooking cost for MDM regularly.
- 7. In the sampled schools, MDM is taken by 67.23% of the total enrolled students and 83.05% of the total present students. But from centralized kitchen food for only 58.52% students was taken by these schools.
- 8. In the school based kitchen the food is also prepared for the entitlement of the 60% students of the total present in the school in average. It means students are not taking meals as per their entitlement.
- 9. No discrimination is observed by the MI, neither reported by the teachers nor by students, on the basis of gender or caste in cooking and serving of MDM.
- 10. The daily menu in majority of the sampled schools was mainly varietal as Chapati, Rice and Dal/ Karhi are served. But in the case of evening shift schools served by centralized kitchen only rice based menu is served which may lead to less liking and intake of food by students.

- 11. Weekly menu for MDM was displayed in the all of the sampled visited schools and food is by and large served as per the menu.
- 12. Responses of the teachers and students revealed that in all the sampled schools variety of foods as far as possible are served.
- 13. An interaction with the children on the day of visit revealed that in all of the schools, majority of children are happy and satisfied with the quantity and quality of MDM served to them in schools. But in 4 schools, some of the students reported that the food is sometimes more spicy and semi cooked chapattis / overcooked rice are served but that is not a routine.
- 14. The cooking ingredients used like oil, salt, red pepper powder or turmeric powder used is of standardized quality and branded one.
- 15. All the sampled schools have engaged cook cum helpers specifically for MDM scheme as per the norms.
- 16. In every sampled school helpers are paid remuneration of Rs. 2622/- per month.
- 17. In terms of gender composition, all of the cooks cum helpers in the sampled schools were female. In terms of social composition, all the in the sample schools belong to SC/BC category. In school based kitchens one supervisor is appointed.
- 18. Kitchen sheds cum store for MDM service are constructed in 7 of the schools in the U.T. MI team visited two schools (primary and upper primary section) having kitchen shed in its premises. In other schools food is provide by centralized kitchen. The kitchen shed cum stores constructed in schools are good one on the basis of safety and hygiene. Infrastructure and facilities in centralised kitchens are there but minimum food entitlements of students should be taken care of in all kitchens. In the CITCO centralised kitchen in Shivalik Hotel, Sector-17, and kitchen is in the basement.
- 19. All the schools had potable water for cooking and drinking purpose. In all schools water coolers and water filters were installed.
- 20. Fire extinguisher installed in all schools preparing food in school premises.
- 21. All the schools are using LPG for cooking of the MDM and all of the schools reported that LPG is delivered at their doorstep.
- 22. All of the sampled schools had adequate utensils for cooking of MDM. But eating

- plates to have food were not available in all schools.
- 23. The process of cooking and storage of fuel is safe in all of the schools and centralized kitchens. Standardized gas pipes and regulators are being used.
- 24. Discipline and order is maintained by 100% of the sample schools with children while taking MDM.
- 25. Food is transported in steel patilas (boxes) from the kitchens in mini trucks under the supervision of a supervisor appointed by the department.
- 26. 18 of the schools (primary and upper primary sections) reported that participation of parents in supervision and management was once a week and in 22 schools (primary and upper primary sections), SMC and parents participate once in 15 days in the food supervision.
- 27. Participation of members of SMCs in the inspection and supervision of MDM was good in 16 and satisfactory in 24 of the sampled schools.
- 28. Feedback register of the MDM was prepared by all of the school visited by the MI.
  Some parents have signed in registers that they have checked the food on some days.
- 29. All of the sampled schools maintained health cards/registers for their students. Health Check – up for students is done in all of the schools; entries for height and weight are made.
- 30. Micronutrients such as iron and folic acid; and deworming tablets are given to children by all of the sampled schools.
- 31. As per the information received from the teachers of the 18 sampled schools are monitored by State Level Officers in the last one year. At the same time 36 reported that they are inspected once by the District Level Officers in the last six months.
- 32. Cooking at the centralized institutes is supervised by the Principals/Heads of the schools from 5:00 to 8:00 a.m(vice principals) & 8: 00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. (Principals) in rotation. Further retired personnel have been engaged as Inspectors/Supervisors to monitor the cooking and distribution of cooked meal in the schools from the centralized kitchens.
- 33. As per the inputs received from the headmasters and teachers of the 11 of the

sampled schools, the introduction of MDM has improved somewhat attendance of students in the school; in 13 of the schools, headmasters and teachers of the sample schools, the introduction of MDM has improved the attendance of students after recess; while as many as in 4 schools, teachers and heads reported an improvement in the nutritional status of the children.

- 34. Grievence redressal mechanism is there. Phone No's at state level given and Email can be sent to the SPD and Mid day meal incharge but phone no's not displayed in schools.
- 35. Social auditing by parents or SMC members was not done in any school. Social Audit boards were not displayed.

# CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF MID DAY MEAL - PUNJAB STATE (Period: 1<sup>st</sup>January, 2015 to 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2015)

**DISTRICT: CHANDIGARH** 

The monitoring institute has collected data from 40 schools. The sample of 40 schools includes primary section schools (20) and upper primary section schools (20). The selection of schools to be included into the sample has been made with the help sought from Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan and MDM officials of the District – Chandigarh (UT).

<u>1.0.</u>	REGULARITY IN DELIVERING	FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL		
1.1.	Is school/implementing agency receiving food grain regularly?  If there is delay in delivering food grains, what is the extent of delay and reasons for the	<ul> <li>The supply of food grains (rice and wheat flour) to schools and centralized kitchens in the UT is done on fortnightly basis by the Deptt. of School Education.</li> <li>Yes, Deptt. of Education, UT is receiving the</li> </ul>		
1.2	Is buffer stock of one-month's requirement maintained?	<ul> <li>grains regularly.</li> <li>At the time of visit of members of MI, the sample schools/ centralized kitchens were having buffer stock of wheat flour/ rice for 7-10 days.</li> </ul>		
1.3	Is the food grains delivered at the school?	<ul> <li>All the sampled schools/ centralized kitchens reported that food grains were delivered at their door step.</li> </ul>		
1.4	Is the quality of food grain good?	<ul> <li>Yes, as the headmasters/ teachers; managers at centralised kitchens reported that the quality of food grains (wheat flour /rice) received by school is good.</li> <li>Spot verification of food grains has been done and the quality of food grain was found good.</li> </ul>		
2.0	REGULARITY IN DELIVERING	COOKING COST TO SCHOOL LEVEL		
2.1	<ul> <li>Timely release of funds</li> <li>Whether State is releasing funds to District / block / school on regular basis in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Funds released in advance to schools in case of cooking cost. Cook cum helper grant is also in released advance.</li> </ul>		

	<ul><li>advance? If not,</li><li>Period of delay in releasing funds by State to district.</li></ul>	Grant directly to schools by the DEO office.
	<ul> <li>Period of delay in releasing funds by District to block / schools.</li> <li>Period of delay in releasing</li> </ul>	
	funds by block to schools.  • Any other observations.	
2.2	Is school/implementing agency received cooking cost in advance regularly? If there is delay in delivering cooking cost what is the extent of delay and reasons for it?	Sampled schools have received the cooking cost in advance and if there is any problem then they can divert grant from other grant heads.
2.3	In case of delay, how school/implementing agency manages to ensure that there is no disruption in the feeding programme?	<ul> <li>In case of any delay school heads can divert grant from other heads for MDM (schools cooking food in school premises).</li> </ul>
2.4	Range of deficit in cooking cost	No deficit in any school was reported.
2.5	Is cooking cost paid by Cash or through banking channel?	The cooking cost, as and when received by the MDM Cell was directly released to the schools by E-
2.0	AVAIL ARII ITV OF COOK CUM	transfer from the DEO.
3.0 3.1	AVAILABILITY OF COOK-CUM- Engaging Cook-cum-helpers at	SMC and heads appointed cooks in schools.
J. 1	schools	ONIO and heads appointed cooks in schools.
3.2	Who cooks and serves the meal? (Cook/helper appointed by the Department or Self Help Group, or NGO or Contractor)	In 7 schools i.e. food is cooked in school premises and for all other schools i.e. cooked food is served by the centralized kitchen. The centralized kitchens are
		Hotel Shivalikview, (CITCO), Sector 17,

	Percentage of Schools serving	and parents. The MI observed after interacting with		
4.1	Regularity in Serving MDM	Regularly served as reported by students, teachers		
<u>4.0</u>	REGULARITY IN SERVING MEA	<u>AL</u>		
	remuneration @ Rs. 2622/- pm re			
		ooks in sample schools reported that they get their		
**	Status of Cooks: The number of	cooks engaged in the schools visited by MI was as		
	·	centralized kitchen as well as in schools.		
3.10	Health check up of cooks	Health check up of Cook cum Helpers is done in		
-	cook-cum-helpers	Management Institute sector-42.		
3.9	Training has been provided to	Yes, training was provided to cooks by Hotel		
		Chandigarh is involved in training.		
		Management & Catering Technology, Sector 42/D,		
5.0	helpers	state and Chandigarh Institute of Hotel		
3.8	Training module for cook-cum-	Training module is there as communicated by the		
S.1	Social Composition of cooks /helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority)	Majority of the cooks are females belonging to SC/ST/OBC/ Minority communities.		
3.6		, ,		
3.6	Mode of payment to cooks?	get their remuneration on monthly basis.  By head of the school through the cheque.		
	cooks/helpers regularly?	of the cooks in sampled schools reported that they		
3.5	Are the remuneration paid to	The remuneration is paid to the cooks regularly. All		
2.5	cooks/helpers?	The remuneration is paid to the scale regularity. All		
3.4	What is remuneration paid to	Rs. 2622/- pm.		
•		cooks was increased accordingly.		
		less than 200 were given 3 cooks. The number of		
		cooks. Schools having more than 100 students but		
		with more than 25 but less than 100 were given 2		
	requirement of the school?	25 or less than that were given 1 cook while those		
	helpers adequate to meet the	by MI was as per the norms of GoI. Schools having		
3.3	Is the number of cooks and	The number of cooks engaged in the schools visited		
		<ul> <li>Chandigarh.</li> <li>Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Hotel Management Catering &amp; Nutrition, Sector 42, Chandigarh.</li> <li>Chandigarh Institute of Hotel Management &amp; Catering Technology, Sector 42/D, Chandigarh.</li> </ul>		

	hot cooked meal regularly.	the headmasters, teachers and children, and verification MDM registers that all of sampled schools are serving hot cooked food on daily basis. At the time of visit of the MI (October, 2014 to December, 2014) all of the schools have been providing hot cooked meal to all students in the lunch hour.  Mid day meal is served in UT by two modes  • By cooking in school premises in 7 school based kitchens i.e. GMSSS-10, GSSS-15, GMHS-38-D, GMHS-42, GMSSS-44, GMSSS-47 and GMSSS-26.
		<ul> <li>By Centralised kitchen= 3 kitchens</li> <li>1. Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Hotel Management, Sec-42, Chandigarh.</li> <li>2. Chandigarh Institute of Hotel Management, Sec-42, Chandigarh.</li> <li>3. Chandigarh Industrial &amp; Tourism Development Corporation (CITCO), Sec-17, Chandigarh.</li> </ul>
4.2	If hot cooked meal is not served regularly, reasons thereof.	NA
4.3	Is there any prescribed norm for consideration for irregularity in serving MDM	NA
4.4	Quality and quantity of meal in	Students' opinion on:
	the opinion of teachers,	Quality of MDM:
	students or SMC members and	Good = 87%
	any problems to children in	Satisfactory = 13%
	serving MDM.	Quantity of MDM:
		Sufficient = 100%
**	Regularity in Serving Meal : All	the 20 primary section and 20upper primary sections
	of schools in the sample served I	hot cooked meal daily. There has been no interruption
	stated by any student or teach	er. The mid-day meal is served to all the students

	present on all working days. Majority of the students are satisfied with the quality and					and
	quantity of fo	od. In schools na	amely GMSSS-10	and GMHS-42 in wh	nich food cooke	ed in
	the school p	remises was ha	appier during lunc	h hour to have foo	d. Some stude	ents
	complained a	bout the overcoo	oked rice/ semi cod	oked rice and not too	much tasty on	the
	day of visit bu	day of visit but these things are not a routine.				
<u>5.0</u>	QUALITY &	QUANTITY OF N	MEAL_			
5.1	Feedback from children on  Quality of meal is quite good (as reported by the					
	Quality of meal: majority of students and checked by MI team)					
5.2	Quantity of m	eal:	Quantity per s	tudent is enough for	the students.	
			Children and	parents are happy.		
5.3	Quantity of F	Rice/ wheat, puls	ses, fat & green le	eafy vegetables use	ed in the meal	per
	child at prima	ıry level.				
	Students	Dr. Ambedkar	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	School Based	
		Institute of	Institute of Hotel	Industrial &	Kitchen	
		Hotel	Management, Sec-	Tourism		
		Management,	42,	Development		
		Sec-42,		Corporation Sec-17,		
	Rice		70 gm	70 gm	100 gm	
	Wheat	95 gm + 10			100 gm	
		gm soya				
	Pulses	45gm	40gm	30gm	20 gm	
	Fat	25 gm	12.5 gm / 20 gm	7 gm	5-7 gm	
			gm			
	Vegetables	50 gm	50 gm	20-25 gm	50 gm	
5.4	Quantity of F	Rice/ wheat, puls	ses, fat & green le	eafy vegetables use	ed in the meal	per
	child at upper	r primary level.				
	Students	Dr. Ambedkar	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	School Based	
		Institute of	Institute of Hotel	Industrial &	Kitchen	
		Hotel	Management, Sec-	Tourism		
		Management,	42,	Development		
		Sec-42,		Corporation Sec-17,		
	Rice		105 gm	70 gm	150 gm	
	Wheat	95 gm + 10			150 gm	
		gm soya				
	Pulses	45 gm	60 gm	30 gm	30 gm	

	Fat	25 gm	12.5 gm / 20 gm	7 gm	10 gm	
			gm			
	Vegetables	75 gm	75 gm	35-40 gm	75 gm	
5.5	Whether dou	ble fortified salt	is No Double for	tified salt used.		
	used?					
5.6	Method / Sta	andard gadgets	/ Standardized	gadgets availabl	e in schools and	
	equipment fo	or measuring t	he centralized kit	chen (Weighing	Machines).	
	quantity of fo	ood to be cook	ed			
	and served.					
5.7	Acceptance	of the me	eal Students like	MDM especially	Rice - Karhi	
	amongst the	children.				
**	Quality and	Quantity of Mea	al: The responses	from the studer	nts, head teachers a	and
	the SMC men	nbers have indic	ated details relatin	g to the quality a	and quantity of food.	. All
	the students	ne students availing MDM have confirmed that they are getting sufficient quantity of				
	mid-day meal	in all the school	ols. However, the	responses differ	slightly with regard	ot b
	the quality of	the meal. It has	been stated by me	ost of the studen	ts in 36 visited prim	nary
	and upper pri	mary sections of	f schools that the	quality of the m	eal is good. There	are
	only a few stu	idents in 3 of vis	ited schools stude	nts complained a	about overcooked ric	ce /
	semi cooked	rice but that is r	not a routine or va	rietal food (only	rice served). In ove	erall
	scenario, Qua	ality is satisfactor	ry and quantity is $\epsilon$	enough; students	, teachers and pare	ents
	are satisfied \	with that. But Me	eals as per minimu	ım entitlement of	students to be serv	ved
	to the student	S.				
<u>6.0</u>	VARIETY OF	MENU				
6.1	Number of sc	hools where me	nu Menu displaye	ed in all of the sc	hools at the	
	is displayed o	n the wall and	appropriate pl	ace.		
	noticeable					
6.2	Who decides	the menu?	At UT level w	ith the consultati	on of dietician for	
	centralised kitchens. Menu is decided. Howe				decided. However	
			there is some	liberty for the tea	acher in-charge of	
			MDM to prepa	are food as per th	ne demand of the	
			students i.e. a	bout green vege	tables, dal type in	
			schools where	e food is cooked.		

6.3	Is the menu being followed	Schools/ centralised kitchens by and large adhere to
	uniformly?	the menu.
6.4	Does daily menu includes	In menu rice/ wheat and dal/ vegetables are
	rice/wheat, pulses (dal) and	included.
	vegetable?	
6.5	Number of schools where	For all six days different menu is there in all schools
	variety of foods is served daily	but in evening shift school only rice based menu is
		given for all six days from the centralized kitchen.
6.6	Whether menu includes locally	Karhi is the locally made dish.
	available ingredients?	
6.7	Whether menu provides	Cannot be commented without study by a dietician
	required nutritional and calorific	or doctor.
	value per child?	
6.8	Number of schools where same	There are no schools where the same food is served
	food is served daily	daily. There is some variety maintained on each day.

6.9

#### Menu Detail:

#### WEEKLY MENU OF MDM AT CENTRALIZED KITCHENS

	1		T T
Day	Rice Based Menu :	Prantha Based Menu:	Veg. Pulao Based Menu :
	Chandigarh Industrial &	From Dr. Ambedkar	Chandigarh Institute of Hotel
	Tourism Corporation	Institute of Hotel	Management, Sector-42,
	(CITCO), Sector-17,	Management, Sector-	Chandigarh.
	Chandigarh.	42, Chandigarh.	
Monday	Rice + Dal Chana with	Prantha + Rajmah	Veg. Pulao + Arhar Dal
	veg.		
Tuesday	Rice + Karhi pakoras	Prantha + Karhi	Veg. Pulao + Karhi nutri
		Pakora	
Wednesd	Rice + Dal Chana with	Prantha + Dal Chana	Veg. Pulao + Mix Dal
ay	veg.	+ Veg.	
Thursday	Rice + Rajmah	Prantha + Rajma	Veg. Pulao + Rajmah
Friday	Rice + Karhi pakora	Prantha + Karhi	Veg. Pulao + Karhi pakora
		Pakora	
Saturday	Rice + Rajmah	Prantha + Mix Dal	Veg. Pulao + Nutri Allo Mattar
Per Meal	Rs. 4.50+Vat @ 12.50%	Rs. 8.94 including	Rs. 7.20 +VAT@ 12.50% =
rates	= Rs5.06 (both for	VAT	Rs 8.10 (for primary classes)
	primary and Upper	(both for primary and	Rs. 9.17 +VAT@ 12.50% =
	Primary classes)	Upper Primary	Rs 10.32 (for primary classes)
		classes)	
		ciasses)	

**	Menu: According to the data coll	ected, in all of the visited schools menu is displayed at
	the appropriate place.	
	Variety of Menu: The data confi	rmed that all the schools have some kind of variety in
	mid-day meals <b>but</b> in evening sh	ift school only rice based menu is given for all six
	days.	
<u>7.0</u>	INFORMATION ON DISPLAY:	
7.1	Display of Information under	No Boards have been there in this regard in any
	Right to Education Act, 2009 at	school or in centralised kitchen for quantity and
	the school level at prominent	balance of food grain,
	place	Only daily menu displayed.
	a) Quantity and date of	
	foodgrains received	
	b) Balance quantity of	
	foodgrains utilized during	
	the month.	
	c) Other ingredients	
	purchased, utilized	
	d) Number of children given	
	MDM	
	e) Daily menu	
7.2	Display of MDM logo at	Logo of MDM displayed in all schools.
	prominent place preferably	
	outside wall of the school.	
<u>8.0</u>	TRENDS	
	Extent of variation (As per school	l records vis-à-vis actuals on the day of visit)
	Institutes visited: Primary Sec	tion of Schools (1-5) : 20 ; Upper Primary Section
	of Schools (6-8): 20	

8.1.	No.	Details	On the day of visit	% age of Enrolment	%age of the present
	1	Enrollment	16173		
	2	Number of children opted for MDM	16173	100%	
	3	No. of children attending the school on the day of visit	13093	80.95%	
	4	No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register	10874	67.23%	83.05%
	5	No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit (head count)	10663	65.93%	81.44%
	6	Meals taken from centralized kitchen on the day of visit	9465	58.52%	72.29%
	7	No. of children attending the school on the previous day of visit	13189	81.54%	
	8	Number of children availed  MDM on the previous day of visit as per record	10671	65.98%	80.90%

Trends: .

As per field based data, in Chandigarh, in the sampled schools, all students were opted for MDM. However, out of those who take MDM regularly the percentage of children availing MDM also revealed variation on day to day basis. It is noticed on the day of visit 67.23% students of the total enrolled and 83.05% of the total present were having MDM actually who have taken food in school and not brought food from home.

The previous day's record of MDM utilization revealed that 65.98% students of the total enrolled and 80.90% of the total present students have taken MDM. The major factor contributing to the difference in utilization of MDMS in day to day scenario by students is the menu, as students have stated that they like Karhi- Rice, Rajmah - rice.

In overall scenario, food of only 58% students of total enrolment is taken from

centralized kitchen. In the school based kitchen, with relation to presence of students food of only 65% students is cooked.

Moreover, in Chandigarh, in the schools of inner circuits of the city, about 20-25% students were bringing their food from home also; however some of them have opted for MDMS; in the outer circuits schools of the city, about 8-10% students were bringing food from home also. The students who were bringing food from home stated that they took food when it is of their liking, or sometimes they took Karhi / rajmah only.

One major factor is there that students in the evening shift primary schools are served rice based menu for all the six days and chapattis are not served at all to them which leads to less liking and intake of food by students.

Due to population variation on the basis of density and socio- economic – status in different sectors of the city, there is variation in the population of students who are having have MDM in actual. In the outer circuits of Chandigarh i.e. areas which are inhabited by poor population all the students have been opted for Mid-Day Meal and having MDM.

But in the schools of inner sectors all the students are not having midday meal regularly however maximum of them have opted for Mid Day Meal. In all 10-12% students are not having mid- day meal regularly, 10-12% are having food when meal is of their liking in these schools. In all schools the food is sent from the kitchen for the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the total present as the quantity of food is enough for all. There was no evidence of surplus cooking or wastage of cooked food on the basis of daily estimation.

9.0	SOCIAL EQUITY	
9.1	What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating?	All students sit in groups in the classrooms and in outer circuit schools students also sit in varandhas to have MDM.
9.2.	Did You observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving or seating arrangements?	No discrimination prevails on gender/ caste / community basis in cooking or serving or seating arrangements
**		ary and upper primary sections of schools, there is no
	social discrimination in serving	mid-day meal. Some of the possible factors of

	discrimination like caste, gender or community have not been influencing MDM at any				
	stage in the process of its imp	lementation. It has been observed that in all of the			
	schools children are served mid-day meal in a systematic manner in the classrooms at				
	their bench /seat. It is observed that students belonging to higher primary classes				
	helped in serving and distributing mid-day meal to primary class students. In schools of				
	periphery of Chandigarh, students were also found sitting in varandhas for having				
	MDM.				
10.0	SUPPLEMENTARY:				
10.1	Is there school Health Card	School Health Card for Child was maintained in all			
	maintained for each child?	the sampled 40 primary and upper primary sections			
		of schools having only detail of height/ weight. But			
		no detail of haemoglobin, Body Mass Index. Only			
		referrals are given in some cases like eye check up			
		and dental problem.			
10.2	What is the frequency of health	In all the 40 primary and upper primary sections of			
	check-up?	schools (100%) where School Health Card for child			
		was maintained the frequency of health check-up			
		was twice in a year.			
10.3	Whether children are given	In 40 primary and upper primary sections of schools			
	micronutrients (Iron, folic acid,	(100%) children were given micronutrients (Iron, folic			
	vitamin – A dosage) and de	acid dosage) and de-worming medicine in the school			
	worming medicine periodically?	by Health Department.			
		Vitamin A dosage given to some of the students who			
	required it.				
10.4	Who administers these	These medicines were administered by health			
	medicines and at what	department workers and by the teachers. The			
	frequency?	frequency of deworming medicines is twice in a year			
		in all the visited schools. The IFA tablets are given to			
		teachers to distribute among the students.			
10.5	Distribution of spectacles to	Spectacles given to some students who have			
	children suffering from	defective eye sight.			
	refractive error				

**	<b>Supplementary:</b> The data collected from schools has indicated that health check-up to		
	children is conducted in all 40 p	rimary and upper primary sections of schools . It has	
	also been found that most of the schools have conducted health check-up camps twice		
	in an academic year. However, the supply of de-worming medicine and iron folic acid		
	tablets has been confirmed in al	I the schools. The task of providing all this is handled	
	by teachers, specially the class to	eachers. The de-worming medicine is given to children	
	once in six months.		
<u>11.0</u>	INFRASTRUCTURE		
11.1	Infrastructure:	All the Centralized Kitchens have proper	
	Is a pucca kitchen shed-cum-	infrastructure for storing and cooking.	
	store:	Centralised Kitchens are	
		Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Hotel Management,	
		Chandigarh.	
		Chandigarh Institute of Hotel Management,	
		Chandigarh.	
		Chandigarh Industrial & Tourism Development	
		Corporation, Chandigarh (CITCO).	
		• In 7 schools, GMSSS-10, GSSS-15, GMHS-38-D,	
		GMHS-42, GMSSS-44, GMSSS-47, GMSSS-26 a	
		kitchen shed cum store has been constructed and	
		the MDM is prepared there to serve the students	
		in the lunch hour. The kitchens of visited school	
		i.e. GMSSS-10 and GMHS-42 is well equipped,	
		clean and properly maintained. Water	
		arrangement and storage arrangement is good in	
		the kitchen. Proper care has been taken of safety	
		measures. Students of these schools were happy	
		as they are getting varietal food there.	

#### **Detail of Infrastructure in Centralized kitchens**

Infrstructure	Dr. Ambedkar	Chandigarh	Chandigarh Industrial &
	Institute of Hotel	Institute of Hotel	Tourism Development
	Management, Sec-	Management,	Corporation Sec-17,
	42,	Sec-42,	
Infrastructure	Pucca & Iron Shed,	Pucca &	Basement
	Sufficient space	Sufficient space	
Measuring gadgets	Available	Available	Available
Garbage bins	Available	Available	Available
Dish washing	Yes	Yes	Yes
provisions			
Cooking Equipments	Available	Available	Available
Lapse in preparation	45 mins-1 hr	45 mins-1 hr	45 mins-1 hr
and packing			
Packing of food	In patilas	In patilas	In patilas
Kitchen incharge	1	1	1
Store incharge	1	1	1
Cleaner/ sweeper	4	5	4
Purchase in charge	1	1	1
Purchase procedure	E- tendering	E- tendering	E- tendering
Food ingredients	Stanardised	Stanardised	Stanardised
Cook	20	22	11
Head cook	3	5	1
Head gears by cooks	yes	yes	yes
Uniforms	yes	yes	yes
Gloves	Not by all	Not by all	Not by all
Transportation of food	Trucks (mini)	Trucks (mini)	Trucks (mini)
Supervisors by deptt.	Appointed to carry	Appointed to	Appointed to carry food
	food	carry food	
Provision of Light in	Good	Good	Good
Kitchen			
Cleanliness	Good	Good	Average

11.2	Kitchen-cum-store in hygienic condition, properly ventilated and away from classrooms  Whether utensils are available for cooking food? If available is it adequate?	<ul> <li>Kitchen cum store good all of the visited schools having kitchen shed.</li> <li>Centralized kitchens also have good infrastructure.</li> <li>By observation and having discussion with the cooks and visit to the kitchen shed in each sample school MI found that all the sampled schools had adequate utensils for cooking; and for serving of MDM to students.</li> </ul>
11.4	Availability of eating plates	Students have food in their tiffins.
11.5	Storage Bins & source of procurement	Storage bins available in all school based kichens for food ingredients.
11.6	Availability of fire extinguishers	Fire extinguisher installed in all the centralized and school kitchens.
11.7	Toilets in the school  Is separate toilet for the boys and girls are available?  Are toilets usable?	It is observed that all schools have separate toilets for boys and girls and are usable.
11.8	<ul> <li>IT infrastructure available @ School level</li> <li>Number of computers available in the school (if any).</li> <li>Availability of internet connection (If any).</li> <li>Using any IT / IT enabled services based solutions / services (like e-learning etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Computers available in all upper primary schools only.</li> <li>In high and senior secondary schools, it ranges from 11-24.</li> <li>Internet connection there in all upper primary schools.</li> <li>E-conent/ CDs available in all upper primary schools for the students self paced learning.</li> </ul>
**	Infrastructure: The supplying storage areas. Kitchen sheds schools i.e. GMSSS-10, GSSS-	centralized kitchens have their own kitchen cum have been constructed in 7 different Government 15, GMHS-38-D, GMHS-42, GMSSS-44, GMSSS-47, orage for dry and wet ration etc. The kitchen shed

	located in GMSSS-10 & GMHS-42 has been running very well which is sampled in		
	second phase of monitoring.		
12.0	AVAILABILITY OF WATER:		
	Whether potable water is available for cooking and drinking purpose?	<ul> <li>Potable water available in almost all schools for drinking purpose.</li> <li>Water coolers with water filters are installed in all the schools.</li> <li>More water tanks required in the schools of the outer circuits of the city</li> <li>In all the three centralized kitchens, and visited school based kitchens of 3 schools, water for cooking is sufficiently available. But water filters need to be installed in kitchens also.</li> </ul>	
**	Drinking water: Drinking water	r: The availability of water has been confirmed in all	
	the 40 primary and upper prima	ry section schools. The quality and quantity of water	
	has been found to be good for purpose of drinking in all schools; water coolers with		
	water filters installed in all schools. In schools of outer circuits, more water tanks need		
	to be installed and more cleaning of the already installed tanks and drinking water		
	areas is needed.		
<u>13.</u>	UTENSILS (COOKING/ SERVIN	<u>G)</u>	
13.1	Whether utensils used for	Adequate for cooking in all of the schools.	
	cooking food are adequate?		
13.2	Whether utensils used for	Available in all of the visited schools.	
	serving food are adequate?		
13.3	Availability of eating plates.	Not evalable in all of the visited cabacle for all	
	Availability of eating plates.	Not available in all of the visited schools for all	
	Availability of eating plates.	students.	
**	, ,,		
	, ,,	students. e schools indicated that all of the visited schools have	
	Utensils: The responses from the	students. e schools indicated that all of the visited schools have	
<u>14.</u>	Utensils: The responses from the enough utensils to cook and serve	students. e schools indicated that all of the visited schools have	
<b>14.</b> 14.1	Utensils: The responses from the enough utensils to cook and servential to the cook and servential to	students. e schools indicated that all of the visited schools have e food.	

	interruption due to non-		
	availability of firewood or LPG?		
**	Fuel used: It has been found that	at all the centralized kitchens and school based	
	kitchens using Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG) as fuel for cooking.		
<u>15.</u>	SAFETY & HYGIENE:		
15.1	General Impression of the	Obs:	
	environment, Safety and	Clean and safe environment of cooking in all the	
	hygiene:	three centralized kitchens and school based	
		kitchens.	
		<ul> <li>In schools, serving areas are the classrooms and</li> </ul>	
		no common shed is there. Classrooms are clean	
		in visited 85% (34) schools but cleaning of floors	
		of classrooms is required after the serving of the	
		food in 15% (6) schools.	
15.2	Are children encouraged to	Obs: Yes, Students encouraged to wash hands	
	wash hands before and after	before and after eating in all primary and upper	
	eating?	primary section schools.	
15.3	Do the children par take meals	<b>Obs:</b> Students in all sampled schools take meal in a	
	in an orderly manner?	very disciplined and orderly manner.	
15.4	Conservation of water?	Obs: Students encouraged to conserve water and	
		in 34 (85%) primary and upper primary section	
		schools; instructions are written at the appropriate	
		places in 32 (80%) of visited primary and upper	
		primary section schools in this regard at the	
		appropriate place.	
15.5	Is the cooking process and	Obs: Cooking process and storage of fuel is totally	
	storage of fuel safe, not posing	safe in all the centralized kitchens and school based	
	any fire hazard?	kitchens.	
**		centralised kitchens and school based kitchens have	
		effort to ensure hygiene in the place where mid-day	
		g is required particularly in the classrooms after the	
		s of the city. In all visited primary and upper primary	
		the teachers have been found to be reminding and	
	prompting students to wash their	hands before taking food. All the schools have been	

	making deliberate efforts to serve food in an organised way. This has been done to		
	ensure proper serving of food to all, to monitor the use of water and to ensure		
	cleanliness and hygiene. The students are served food on their seat.		
<u>16.0</u>	COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION:		
16.1	Extent of participation by:	The extent of participation by SMCs/ Panchayats/ in	
	SMCs/Panchayats/Urban	daily supervision, monitoring, is satisfactory.	
	bodies in daily supervision,	• In 18 of sampled schools SMC members	
	monitoring, participation	participated in supervision and monitoring of	
		MDM once a week.	
		<ul> <li>In 22 of the sampled schools SMCs monitor and</li> </ul>	
		supervise MDM fortnightly.	
16.2	Is any roaster being	No such formal roaster is being maintained for SMC/	
	maintained of the community	MTA/ Parents for daily monitoring of MDMS.	
	members for supervision of the	Only food taste register is maintained.	
	MDM?		
16.3	SMC meetings: (Special	Meeting conducted every month but there was no	
	reference to MDM)	special reference to quality of food. Only reference to	
		grant of cooking cost received or cook cum helper	
		remuneration when grant is received. Mothers	
		invited in some schools to taste food and record is	
		maintained.	
16.4	Is there any social audit	Only of grants by the SMC members as resolution	
	mechanism in the school?	made that grant is used for what purpose is written in	
		SMC resolution register. Not of grains or other food	
		ingredients.	
16.5	Community members/ parents	In 20 of the sampled schools community	
	awareness about quantity of	members/parents are aware about menu of the week	
	MDM per child	of MDM and they are aware that their children will	
	o At Deimorrilairal	get sufficient food.	
	a. At Primary level	About quantity of food only in 02 primary section	
		schools' parents are aware about the quantity of	
		MDM prescribed per child being given at primary	
		level.	

16.6	b. At Upper primary level  Number of members received training regarding MDMS and its monitoring  Extent of participation by SMCs/Panchayats/Urban bodies in daily supervision and monitoring of MDM.	<ul> <li>In 03 upper primary section schools community members/parents were aware about quantity of MDM per child being given at upper primary level.</li> <li>About 70% of the SMC members received training.</li> <li>The extent of the participation of members of SMC in the day to day management, monitoring and supervision is good in 16 (40%) of visited schools; fair in 16 (40%) of the sampled schools while 8 (20%) schools reported that participation of SMC</li> </ul>
16.8	General satisfaction of community members/ parents about the overall implementation of MDM programme :	members was so-so.
16.9	Frequency of monitoring and cooking and serving MDMS by SMC members  Contribution made by the	satisfactory.  There is no specific schedule, but it is being done occasionally by the some of the active members of SMC. In 26 schools, heads reported that they invite the parents occasionally to check the food.  No major contribution reported in any school.
16.11	community for MDMS  Source of awareness about MDM scheme	<ul> <li>In 34 of visited schools, source of awareness amongst parents/ community about MDM scheme was newspaper/ SMC members /and school authorities.</li> <li>In 06 of visited schools, source of awareness amongst parents/ community about MDM scheme was students and school authorities.</li> </ul>

Community Participation: The participation by parents, SMC members and the community has not been quantified. However, their participation has been assessed through discussion, observation at the time of field visits and interviews. The participation level of SMC members and parents to supervise mid-day meal varies from school to school. The data collected from sample schools indicates that there is no roaster of parents formally prepared for supervision. a) Parents: The data collected from 67 parents (1-2 parents in each school interviewed by the MI team members) has confirmed that all of the parents have knowledge that MDM will be served in school and 74.62% are aware about the menu. About 89.5% of parents of sampled schools are satisfied with the quality of food. b) SMC Members: The data collected from 45 SMC members (1-2 members in each school interviewed by the MI team members) has confirmed that all of the SMC Members have knowledge about mid day meal serving in school hours and 84.44% are aware about the menu. About 88.63% of SMC Members are satisfied with the quality of food. c) Source of Awareness about the MDM Scheme among parents: The major source has been the teachers / school authorities/ SMC members for the MDMS awareness among the parents. News papers/ radio/ TV also being the other important sources. There are others like inhabitants of the locality, friends and relatives contributing towards awareness about mid-day meal scheme. 17.0 **INSPECTION & SUPERVISION** 17.1 Is there any Inspection Register Only visitor book is available. No special roaster available at school level? is available for MDM supervision. 17.2 Whether school has received Soap grant funds under MME any component? 17.3 Has the mid day meal Cooking at the above said centralized institutes programme been inspected by is supervised by the Principals/Heads of the any state level officers/officials? schools from 5:00 to 8:00 a.m(vice principals) & 8: 00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. (Principals) in rotation. Further retired personnel have been engaged as Inspectors/Supervisors to monitor the cooking and distribution of cooked meal in the schools

		from the centralized kitchens	
		Inspected regularly at the School level, school	
		head and MDMS incharge take care of the	
		supervision in school.	
		In school based kitchens, a supervisor to manage	
		MDM in school is appointed in all the kitchens.	
		As reported by the schools, 18 of the sampled	
		schools are monitored by State Level Officers in	
		the last one year.	
17.4	Inspection and Supervision of	36 of sampled schools reported that they have been	
	MDM by District Level Officers :	inspected by District Level Officers in last 6 months.	
**	Inspection and Supervision :	The MDM scheme has been supervised at the Central	
	and School level. There are m	nany high officials involved and assigned with this	
	responsibility which is taken care	occasionally, only DEO/ Deputy DEO take care of the	
	MDM. On a daily basis, it is the	head and MDMS incharge who supervise and inspect	
	at the school level.		
	IMPACT OF MDMS:		
18.0	IMPACT OF MDMS:		
18.0 18.1	IMPACT OF MDMS: Impact: Has the mid day meal	Enrolment: While responding to the question	
		Enrolment: While responding to the question relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal	·	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment,	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children?	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one.	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children? Is there any other incidental	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one. On the other hand, heads of 30 visited schools	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children? Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving cooked	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one. On the other hand, heads of 30 visited schools reported that there is no significant impact of MDM	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children? Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving cooked	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one. On the other hand, heads of 30 visited schools reported that there is no significant impact of MDM on enrolment of students.	
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	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children? Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving cooked	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one. On the other hand, heads of 30 visited schools reported that there is no significant impact of MDM on enrolment of students.  Attendance:  In 11 sampled schools teachers / headmasters	
	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children? Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving cooked	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one. On the other hand, heads of 30 visited schools reported that there is no significant impact of MDM on enrolment of students.  Attendance:  In 11 sampled schools teachers / headmasters reported MDM has improved attendance of	
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	Impact: Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, general well being (nutritional status) of children? Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving cooked	relating to the impact of MDM on improvement of enrollment of children in schools, headmasters of 10 schools reported positively that MDM and other provisions have some impact but not the major one. On the other hand, heads of 30 visited schools reported that there is no significant impact of MDM on enrolment of students.  Attendance:  In 11 sampled schools teachers / headmasters reported MDM has improved attendance of children in schools.  In 13 sampled schools, teachers reported that	

		MDM and health check-ups has improved,	
		general well being (nutritional status) of the	
		children.	
18.2	Whether mid day meal has	Yes, there is cohesiveness among the students.	
	helped in improvement of the		
	social harmony?		
	Impact: The mid-day meal sche	eme has been found to have made impact improving	
	the overall attendance of child	Iren to schools and also after recess. The most	
	prominent outcome indicated is the	hat it has been able to eliminate hunger of the children	
	coming from poor households a	and enable them to participate actively in classroom	
	learning activity in some schools	which are located in poor colonies of the district.	
19.0	Grievance Redressal Mechanis	<u>sm</u>	
19.1	Is any grievance redressal	Redressal mechanism is there.	
	mechanism in the district for		
	MDMS?	Phone No's at state level given i.e. 0172- 5021697	
	Whether the district / block	But phone no's/ email address for grievance	
	school having any toll free	redressal – MDM need to be displayed in schools.	
	number?		
	Social Audit	Social auditing performas on boards need to be	
		displayed, so that society personnel's can check	
		the consumption of ingredients and grains and total	
		MDM taken from centralized kitchens.	

#### **Major Observations of MI:**

- 1. More seasonal vegetables to be cooked particularly in school based kitchens.
- 2. Some fruit may be given on some day.
- 3. Double fortified salt need to be used.
- 4. More involvement of community in MDMS required
- 5. Capacity building of cook cum helper should be done for hygiene and cooking.
- 6. Water tanks need to be cleaned regularly.
- 7. The rights and entitlements of children for MDM should be displayed prominently on the walls of the schools.
- 8. Meals as per minimum entitlement of students to be served to the students prescribed by Gol from all kitchens.
- 9. Cooking cost in centralized kitchens is given more than the school based kitchens but the food prepared by school based kitchen is liked more by the students as expressed by students and parents during monitoring. It is a matter of concern for reviewing the serving of MDM by the centralized kitchens.
- 10. A social audit need to be done to compare the perceptions of parents, students and teachers about the food served by the centralized kitchens and school based kitchens.
- 11. Phone no. of grievance redressal regarding MDM need to be displayed in schools.
- 12. Social audit performas need to be displayed in school for public information.
- 13. More than 20% on average students were bringing their own Tiffin.
- 14. Students of primary school evening shift schools reported that they were provided Rice based Menu all times in a week. MDM is supplied to all the institutes by 3 centralised kitchens in rotation. Wheat based menu is prepared only by one kitchen. Moreover, as the first food of residents of Chandigarh is wheat, so on more days Chapatis/ parathas should be provided in each school. So, provisions have to be made by the administration that for 3 days wheat based menu to be provided to all students as its highlighted by some parents.
- 15. Discipline and order is maintained by all of the sampled schools with children while taking MDM. But cleanliness of classrooms required after the meals in the schools especially in the schools of outer circuits and villages.

LIST OF VISITED SCHOOLS			
Sr. No.	Name of School	Section of School	Visited by
1	GPS NO.1 MANIMAJRA	Primary school	By MI -Team
2	GHS -41	Primary Section	By MI -Team
3	GHS- 46	Primary Section	By MI -Team
4	GMHS-42	Primary Section	By MI -Team
5	GHS - KAJHERI	Primary Section	Nodal officer
6	GMHS -26 (PL)	Primary Section	By MI -Team
7	GMHS - 29 A	Primary Section	By MI -Team
8	GMHS -31 C	Primary Section	By MI -Team
9	GMHS -34	Primary Section	By MI -Team
10	GMHS -36 D	Primary Section	By MI -Team
11	GMHS -37 B	Primary Section	By MI -Team
12	GMHS -39 C	Primary Section	Nodal officer
13	GHS -41	Primary Section	By MI -Team
14	GMHS - 43	Primary Section	By MI -Team
15	GMS -33B	Primary Section	Nodal officer
16	GMS PALSORA COLONY	Primary Section	By MI -Team
17	GMS - 46 D	Primary Section	By MI -Team
18	GMS - BURAIL	Primary Section	By MI -Team
19	GMS - MAKHAN MAJRA	Primary Section	By MI -Team
20	GMS -RAIPUR KALAN	Primary Section	By MI -Team
21	GMSSS - 10	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
22	GGMSSS- 18	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
23	GMSSS-19	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
24	GMSSS -21	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
25	GMSSS -22	Upper Primary Section	Nodal officer
26	GMSSS-33-D	Upper Primary Section	Nodal officer
27	GGSSS -20 B (GIRLS)	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
28	GMSSS -27	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
29	GSSS BEHLANA	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
30	GSSS RAIPUR KHURD	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
31	GSSS MMT( MANIMAJRA)	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
32	GHS -19	Upper Primary Section	By MI –Team
33	GHS -24	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
34	GHS -29	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
35	GHS - 30	Upper Primary Section	Nodal officer
36	GHS -32	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
37	GHS-35	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
38	GHS-40	Upper Primary Section	By MI -Team
39	GMSSS 8-B	Upper Primary Section	Nodal officer
40	GHS, Hallomajra	Upper Primary Section	Nodal officer

### Discussions with the U.T. MDM officials Regarding report:

- State officials have informed that schools are instructed to add more vegetables in mid day meals.
- ii) School water tanks are cleaned twice a year regularly.

#### CHANDIGARH- IV